The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,142—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1881.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. HUZARA, 2,078 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 7th September, 1881, at 6 p. m., calling at Ratnagherry, Carwar, Mangaiore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Berpore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on MONDAY, 12th September, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Guetus, in the foregoing or any other weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on FRIDAY, 9th September, 1881, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on THURSDAY, 22nd September, 1881.

FOR QUEENSLAND.

S. S. ALMORA, 2,613 Tons. The Coast Steamer leaving Bombay on Wednesday, 14th September, will connect at Colombo with the Queensland Royal Mail Steamer Almora from England, and passengers and cargo can be booked for the following ports :—

Batavia, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Townsville, Bowen, Rockhampton, and Brisbane.

CALCUTTA TO RANGOON.

DURING the south-west monsoon the direct steamers will leave Calcutta for Rangoon every THURSDAY, instead of every FRIDAY.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of tonnage and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 5th September, 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., of GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA on the 24th	and	BOMBAY on the 1st
of each Month.		

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	.... Rs. 150	.... Rs. 90	
Suez	" 360	.... " 220	.... " 90	
Port said	" 380	.... " 240	.... " 90	Including Wines.
Messina	" 500	.... " 340	.... " 140	
Naples	" 500	.... " 340	.... " 140	
Leghorn	" 500	.... " 340	.... " 140	
Genoa	" 500	.... " 340	.... " 140	
Marseilles	" 520	.... " 350	.... " 145	Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agents.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

SINGAPORE, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st Oct., 1881.
MANILLA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st Nov., 1881.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charges by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Nicosa can be booked at through-rates.

For hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

Bombay, Aug. 1st, 1881.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste :—

	Captain.	Tons	HP.	To sail
s. s. HUNGARIA	G. Sturii	1,982	400	9th Sept.
s. s. DAPHNE	G. Dominich	1,927	400	30th Oct.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	295	143 0
To Port Said	320	255	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. MARUSSIG, 2,304 tons, 450 horse power, will be despatched as above on the 2nd proximo, at noon.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 16th, 1881.

NOW READY.

A DIGEST OF ALL THE CASES RELATING TO INDIA, decided by the Privy Council and the other Courts in England.
By REGINALD M. A. BRANSON, Barrister-at-Law.
Price, Rs. 20. Postage, As. 12.
Application for Copies, accompanied with remittances' should be made to the SUPERINTENDENT, Education Society's Press, Byculla, Bombay.
13th August, 1881.

WANTED,

BY the Municipal Commissioners of Penang, a Civil Engineer, skilled in the general branches of his Profession to supervise the Works of the Municipality, comprising the maintenance of roads, buildings, drains, and water supply.

Salary $2,400 per annum.

Applications, addressed to the Secretary of the Board, to be sent in on or before the 30th December next.

D. C. PRESGRAVE, Secretary.
Mun : Office, Town Hall, Penang, 11th Aug., 1881.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received up to noon of the 17th October, 1881, for the SUPPLY and LAYING complete (exclusive of excavation of trenches) of about two thousand (2,000) tons of cast-iron PIPES, varying in diameter from 16 inches to 2 inches, also sluice and reflux valves, self-closing scrut wells, hydrants, air-valves, and scouring sluices, for the Jubbulpur Waterworks. Plans, specifications and all necessary information can be obtained on application at the Office of the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Jubbulpur Division, Jubbulpur, C.P. Tenders to be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Jubbulpur, superscribed "Tenders for supply of cast-iron pipes, &c., Jubbulpur W. W. scheme." They will be opened by him on the 17th October, 1881, and will be submitted to the Chief Engineer, C.P., for final acceptance. Each tender to be accompanied by Rs. 1,500 in currency notes as earnest money, to be returned to unsuccessful applicants. In the case of the Tender which is accepted, the earnest money will not be returned till after the signature of the contract bond.

J. H. GLASS, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Jubbulpur Division.

NOTICE.

CLARENDON HOTEL,
POONA
(No. 6, CIVIL LINES)
NEAR MESSRS. TREACHER & Co.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL under European Management Open to the Westerly Breeze, and one of the healthiest spots in Poona.

TERMS—

BOARD and Lodging.—Five Rupees per diem : including ice, bath, light, or Rs. 100 per month.

Wines, Beer, &c., guaranteed of the best quality.

A First Class Billiard Table on the Premises.

Also a splendid Lawn Tennis Court in the Compound.

For further particulars apply to the Manager.

Poona, 18th July, 1881.

SALE OF LAND ON THE ESPLANADE.

UNDER the orders of the Government of Bombay, the following 12 PLOTS of GROUND on the Esplanade will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION by Messrs. MEHERJEE, JOHNSTON and Company, subject to Reserved Prices, on MONDAY, the 12th September, 1881, at 2 o'clock, on Building Leases, for terms of 999 years.

Lots Nos. 36, 37, 38, 39, 40 and 41, along the Esplanade Road between the Gaiety Theatre and Lot No. 35.

Lots Nos. 46, 47, 48, 49, 50 and 51, on the east side of the Esplanade Market Road near the New G. I. P. Railway Terminus.

Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale, and the remainder within 10 days thereafter on signing the agreement for lease.

The sale will take place at the office of the Executive Engineer, Presidency, in the Public Works Building, on the Esplanade.

Plans of ground can be seen, and form of agreement for lease and conditions of sale, the former on payment of Re. 1, for each copy, can be had on application, at the office of the Executive Engineer, at the Presidency, until the day of sale.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C. E.
Acting Executive Engineer, Presidency
Bombay, 29th August, 1881.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1881.
s. AUSTRALIA	3564 600	T. Alderton	13th Sept.
— MONGOLIA	2833 530	W.S. Thompson	20th "
s. ANCONA	3091 600	E. G. Stead	29th "
— MALWA	2269 500	G. W. Atkinson.	6th Oct.
s. KHEDIVE	3360 600	P. S. Tomin	13th "
— BOKHARA	2932 500	J. Orman	20th "
s. CATHAY	2983 500	W. M. Robbie	27th "

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 4 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, Trieste and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under.

THREE MONTHS from date of departure to that of return,	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via Southampton. both ways.
First Class .. Rs.	901	Rs. 1,050	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.. Rs.	500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class .. Rs.	1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class. Rs.	600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1881.
KHIVA	2609 450	M. de Horne	9th Sept.
KASHGAR	2627 450	R. G. Murray	23rd "
GWALIOR	2733 450	A. W. Adamson	7th Oct.
THIBET	2593 400	W. R. Jordan	21st "

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

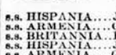
Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 6th September, 1881.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. HISPANIA	J. Laird	3,500	700	13th Sept.
s.s. ARMENIA	Geo. H. Read	3,500	700	21st Oct.
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison	3,500	700	30th Nov.
s.s. HISPANIA	J. Laird	3,500	700	15th Dec.
s.s. ARMENIA	Geo. H. Read	3,500	700	14th Jan.

BOMBAY TO MEDITERRANEAN.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. ROUMANIA	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	24th Sept.
s.s. ELYSIA	J. Harris	2,700	600	29th Oct.
s.s. INDIA	J. Jamieson	2,500	500	12th Nov.
s.s. ROUMANIA	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	31st Dec.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOLUBLE DIETETIC COCOA,

Highly nourishing and easy of digestion.

1 lb. tins, each 15 as.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HOME-MADE MARMALADE.

THE FINEST THAT CAN BE MADE.

1 lb. tins. Cash 10 As.

In this preparation the flavour of the fresh Orange is fully retained, and all gross parts of the Fruit being rejected, it is adapted to the most fastidious and delicate taste.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

RICH IN NITROGEN AND PHOSPHATES.

MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR

INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

A SOLUBLE EXTRACT OF CEREALS.
NON-FARINACEOUS.

WHEN dissolved in Cow's Milk and water it constitutes a PERFECT FOOD, capable of sustaining life and developing robust constitutions.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small Bottles .....Rs.	1- 0	1-2
Large Bottles ..... "	1- 12	2-0

Fresh consignments at short intervals are imported

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER,
BY

TREACHER & COMPANY., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CAPTAIN WARREN'S PATENT COOKING UTENSILS,

Compared with ordinary Cooking, effect a saving of TWO OUNCES IN THE POUND OR 12½ PER CENT.

They thus produce

GREAT ECONOMY IN THE KITCHEN.

BY WARREN'S PROCESS Meats are cooked without coming in contact with water or steam, and being prepared in their own vapour, they retain their full flavour and nutritious properties.

WARREN'S PATENT COOKING-POTS.

ROUND	Size... 4	6	8	10	quarts.
	Rupees... 7-8	9	11	12-8	each.
OVAL	Size... 12½	14	15½	16½	18 inches.
	Rupees... 15	18-8	22-8	25	30 each.
BELLIED	Size... 3	4	5	6	8 gall.
	Rupees... 18	22	27	30	35 each.

WARREN'S PATENT COOKING-POTS.
With Cast Iron Boilers, tinned inside.

ROUND	Size... 6	8	10	quarts.
	Rupees... 9-8	11	12-8	each.
OVAL	Size... 4	5	6	gall.
	Rupees... 21-8	23	26	each.

WARREN'S PATENT CURRY PANS.

10 inch size, each Rs. 5-4.

WARREN'S PATENT BOILER

For making Beef Tea, Soup, Broth, &c., for Invalids. The vessel holds 3 gall. and the cooker part 1 gall. Each Rs. 25.

WARREN'S PATENT FISH KETTLES.

Size.....	18	20	22	inches.
Rupees....	18-8	21	25	each.

WARREN'S PATENT CORRUGATED BROILERS

Supersede Gridirons and Frying-Pans.

Size...	9	10½	12	inches.	
OVAL, Tinned and fitted with Clip	Rs.	... 3-8	4-8	each.	
OVAL, Tinned and fitted with Hinge	"	... 3-12	5	"	
Round Tinned of improved pattern	"	3-4	...	...	"

GENERAL HUTCHINSON'S

PATENT ECONOMICAL CAFETIERES

Fully extract the Aroma and Nutritious Properties from the Berry, the water being kept in contact with the Coffee until the infusion is require for use.

Size.....	1	1½	2	2½	3 pints.
Rupees	5-8	6	7	7-8	8 each.

Ten per cent. Discount for Cash.

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
and
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price Lists, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of Card.

SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

WEDNESDAY, 7TH, & THURSDAY, 8TH SEPTEMBER.

LOOK ! LOOK ! LOOK !

Glorious reception and legitimate success of Prof. Philipps and Mons. Devpno's combination of sensations and novelties ; such an entertainment never before seen in the East.

OUR REPERTOIRE IS INEXHAUSTIBLE.
MORE NOVELTIES ! MORE SENSATIONS ! !
CONSTANT CHANGE OUR MOTTO.
SECOND PROGRAMME.
Being an Entire Change of Performance, including
NEW WONDERS OF NECROMANCY.

PART FIRST.

1 What can be done with a silk handkerchief. 2 Rupees rampant. 3 The mystic sand. 4 Beelzebub's head. 5 Handkerchiefs on their travels. 6 Repairing watches. 7 A wondrous hat-full. 8 Solomon's pillars. 9 Mysterious magnetic clock or the invisible spirits. 10 Incomprehensible flag and twin decanters.

PART SECOND.
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THIS COUNTRY.
THE LIVING WONDERS OR
LILIPUTIAN COMEDIANS.
THE LATEST LONDON NOVELTIES.
MUST BE SEEN TO BE BELIEVED.

These little figures stand 15 inches *high*, they possesses *human heads, sing, dance*, and put themselves in many *funny positions*. Come to-night, Wednesday, if you want to laugh ! If I do, what will make me laugh ? Why, these mysterious little people, they are really Marvellous.

PART THIRD.
BRILLIANT OPTICAL CYCLORAMA
BY MEANS OF A HYDRO-OXYGEN GAS APPARATUS.
The Voyage through America, France, Italy, Holland, Scotland. Greece, Rome, &c.

1st.—The House of Michael Angelo, Venice. 2nd.—Ruins of Saint Mary's Abbey, Italy. 3rd.—Fishing by night in the Azores. 4th.—St. Denis's Royal Chapel, France. 5th.—Churchyard, with snow-storm. 6th.—Town Hall, Switzerland. 7th.—Saint Paul's Cathedral.—day & night views. 8th.—The Holy Sepulchre, Jerusalem. 9th.—Mount Calvary, Golgotha. 10th.—An old Ruin, by moonlight. 11th.—Netly Abbey, by moonlight. 12th.—Golden Pagoda, Rangoon. 13th.—Cathedral of San Marco, Venice. 14th.—A ship at sea caught in a storm. 15th.—Frozen watermill. 16th.—Saint Mary's Church, Venice. 17th.—A windmill at work, the wheel turning round.

TO CONCLUDE WITH THE MUCH AMUSING
GRAND COMIC AND LAUGHABLE MUSEUM AND BRILLIANT CHANGES OF COLOURS.

Doors open at 8-30 p.m., performance Commence at 9 o'clock.

Reserved Seats can be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

Private Performances may be arranged for on application to Prof. PHILIPPS. Proprietor and Manager.

FOR SALE AT SHAHABAD.

TENDERS are invited for the PURCHASE of a GOVERNMENT BUILDING at the station of Shahabad, on the G. I. P. Railway, used for some years as a Government Telegraph Office, and situated within 300 yards of the railway station.

The building is substantially built throughout, the masonry being all of coursed limestone in lime mortar, the roofing flat terraced on teak-girders and joists, all doors, windows, &c., of teak and flooring of lime-stone slabs. The building contains—

1 room	.. 27 by 16	)	15½ feet high from floor to ceiling.
1 do.	.. 16 by 16	)	
4 do.	.. 16 by 16	)	
5 do.	.. 8 by 7	)	9 feet do. do.
2 do.	.. 16 by 8	)	

And a verandah extending round 3 sides of the building. The out-houses attached to this building are also substantially built, and contain :—

5 rooms	..	.. 8' by 8'
2 rooms	..	.. 8' by 13'

Intending purchasers are requested to communicate with the undersigned, from whom any further information wanted on the subject can be obtained up to the 15th September, 1881.

A. HIGGINS,
Officiating Executive Engineer, Secundrabad Division.
Secundrabad, dated 2nd September, 1881.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the six months ended 30th June last, at the rate of Rs. 90 (ninety) per share (or Rs. 1,000 paid-up) will be paid on and after WEDNESDAY, the 14th inst., at the Office of the Company, No. 6, Hornby Row, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 3 p. m., to shareholders whose names will stand on the Register on the 9th inst.

The Transfer-books of the company will be closed from the 9th to the 15th inst.. both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
For the Manockjee Petit Manufacturing Company,
C. & F. DINSHAWJEE,
Bombay, 6th September, 1881, Agents.

GRENT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
TEAK TIMBER.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 600 tons of MOULMEIN TEAK TIMBER, to the Company's Specification, in squared logs, to be delivered at the Company's Locomotive Depot, Parel, Bombay. The first 200 tons to be delivered in November, 200 tons more in Decebr next, and the remainder in January, 1882.

The specification and form of tender may be obtained, on application, at the Storekeeper's Office, Byculla.

Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Teak Timber," and which must specify the rates per ton of 30 cubic feet, delivered at the Locomotive Depot, Parel, Bombay, will be received by the Agent at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p.m. (gunfire), on THURSDAY, the 15th instant, after which hour no Tender will be received.

No notice will be taken of any Tender, unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Paper, as a guarantee of the good faith of the tenderer.

The person whose Tender shall be accepted will be required to enter into a contract, and for the due fulfilment of the same, to find security amounting to 5 per cent. on the estimated value of the contract.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

JOHN STEELL,
Acting Storekeeper,
Storekeeper's office, Byculla, 6th September, 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given that THUKER CHATARBHOOJ JEWRAJ of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, has contracted and agreed with PANALAL POORUNCHUND, also of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitant, TO SELL to him the property hereunder described.

All persons having any claim or claims on the said property by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, lease or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office, No. 15, Rampart Row (Chuckler's buildings), Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default whereof the sale and purchase of the said property will be completed without reference to any claim or claims which may be set up to the same after the said time.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

above referred to :—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the east side of Mandvie Road, in the Registration subdistrict of Mandvie, in the island of Bombay, which said land is entered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 845, and which said house is assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under No. 292, and which said land contains by admeasurement 151 square yards or thereabouts, and is bounded on the east by the G. I. P. Railway line, on the west by the Mandvie Road, on the south by the house of Purbat Ludha, and on the north by the house of Morar Poonja.

JNO. MACFARLANE,
Purchaser's Attorney.
Bombay, 6th September, 1881.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendant, Gun Powder Factory, at Kirkee, up to 12 o'clock noon, on the 15th October, 1881, for the SUPPLY of undermentioned Stores to the Gun Powder Factory, viz.—

I. COAL, Steam, English, tons 550.

II. Printed forms of "Lists or Schedules" of the Stores for the supply of which tenders are invited, and the form of contract-deed, which, in the event of a tender being accepted, must be signed and sealed by the Contractors, affixing on it a stamp of the value of eight annas, are procurable at this office daily (Sundays and holidays excepted.)

III. Tenders will only be received on these printed forms, two of which are procurable on application at this office, for two annas per each copy.

IV. These Lists or Schedules should be in duplicate in English, and should specify in word as well as in figures, the rate at which each description of article named in them will be delivered, and should be accompanied by a statement, that the tenderers have inspected the authorized patterns of each article they tender for.

V. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. (999) six hundred as earnest money, which deposit will be returned on execution of the contract-deed, or rejection of the tenders.

VI. Tenders will be opened at this Office at 12-30 p. m., on SATURDAY, the 15th October, 1881.

J. L. FIXOTT, Lieut., R. A.,
For Superintendent, Gun Powder Factory.
Kirkee, 5th September, 1881.

SPARKLING

V I V O N E.

MUSCATEL FLAVOUR.
NON-ALCOHOLIC.

SUPPLIED TO
ALL THE CLUBS
AND
REFRESHMENT BUFFETS.

Doz. Rs. 3. Two Doz. and Case Rs. 6-8.

D. S. KEMP & COMPANY.

STANDARD

AERATED WATERS.

D. S. KEMP & Co. are now able to turn out these Beverages in a state of perfection which CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

Their new Factory, of which inspection is invited, embraces Filtering Arrangements which are absolutely Perfect, a thorough treatment with Charcoal depriving the filtered water of

ALBUMENOID NITROGEN

and all other unwholesome impurities. The whole being open as day to light and ventilation.

D. S. KEMP & Co. invite comparison of the following Waters with those of any other Maker whatever :—

	Per doz:
Soda Water (5 grains Bicarbonate per bottle)	..Rs. 0 12
Aerated Water	.. " 0 12
Tonic Water (Quinine & Bigarade Orange Blossom)	.. " 1 8
Aromatic Ginger Ale (incomparable)	.. " 1 0
Lemonade	.. " 1 0
Gingerade	.. " 1 0
Potash Water (British Pharmacopœa)	.. " 0 12
Medicinal Soda Water (British Pharmacopœa)	.. " 1 0
Lithia Water (British Pharmacopœa)	.. " 1 8
Seltzer Water	.. " 1 0
Bottles charged extra	.. " 2 0

Preserve the pungency by opening gently and decanting on Ice.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE BOMBAY.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.

NOTICE!!!!!!

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED, having been APPOINTED the SOLE EXCLUSIVE AGENTS in the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY for

MESSRS. F. GIESLER AND CO.,

are in a position, by special arrangement, to supply their Champagne, expressly prepared for India, with "For India" Brand, on the following advantageous terms :—

Giesler's "For India," their finest Brand.....	Cash per doz.	Qts.	Rs.	50	0
Do. do. do.	"	do.	Pts.	" 26	8

Messrs. GIESLER'S reputation as one of the leading Champagne Houses is thoroughly established in every market of the world, and is due to the great care and attention bestowed on the selection and preparation of their Wines.

TREACHER & CO. have, therefore, the fullest confidence in bringing this Brand more prominently to the notice of Wine-consumers in India, believing it to be unequalled by any other imported.

Special terms for quantities to Messes, Clubs, Traders, and Co-operative Societies.

OBSERVE!!!!!!

THE SPECIALLY APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR MESSRS. GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE ARE

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THACKER AND CO., LD.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED), import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally TROUGHTON and SIMMS, ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at a slightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.	Architects' Scales.	Field Books.
Dumpy Levels.	Marquois Scales.	Level Books.
Levelling Staves.	Protractors (all kinds).	Note Books.
Prismatic Compasses.	Pocket Rulers.	Mapping Pens.
Pocket Sextants.	Parallel Rulers (all kinds).	Indian Ink.
Optical Squares.	Measuring Tapes.	Plotting Scales.
Clinometers.	Do. Chains.	Mounted Drawing Papers.
Spirit Levels.	T. Squares.	Cartoon Papers.
Pocket Levels.	Set Squares.	Tracing Cloth.
Pantographs.	Straight Edge	Tracing Paper.
Cases of Instruments.	Railway Curves.	Sectional Paper.
Pocket Sets.	French Curves.	Sundries.
Half Sets.	Drawing Boards.	
Spare Instruments.	Stencil Plates.	

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water Colours.	Mahl Sticks.
Moist do. in pans.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Sable do.	Palette Knives.
Hog Hair Tools or Oils.	Dippers, &c.
Sable ditto.	Bristol Boards.
Dry Water Colour Boxes.	Mounting Boards.
Varnishes, Oils, &c.	Drawing Pencils.
Moist ditto.	Crayons.
Drawing Papers.	Gold and Silver Shells.
Oil Colour Boxes.	Gold Leaf.
Oil Sketching Paper.	
Illuminating Colour Boxes.	
Prepared Canvas.	
Do. Millboards.	

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS UPON APPLICATION.

*** ALL ARTICLES ADVERTISED ARE KEPT IN STOCK.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED,

RAMPART ROW, NEXT TO ORIENTAL BANK, BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES OUTFITTER.

Constant Supplies of Millinery, &c., Received "Overland."
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND TO SELECT FROM.
Estimates for making up Dresses, &c., on application.
WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. do. for "MOURNING."
Price Lists on application.
Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WATCHES.

EDMOND CHARPIE,

WATCH MANUFACTURER,
BOMBAY, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

CAMPAIGN WATCHES ! !

THE CELEBRATED ROBERTS PATENT WATCH.—It is of the finest workmanship, in strong, neat Nickel Silver Case, open-faced Crystal Front, fine and solid KEYLESS ACTION, with improved Set Pin. PATENT LEVER ESCAPEMENT, JEWELLED in Rubies, and is so constructed as to bear with all climates and shocks, and is not at all affected by riding or walking. Specially adapted for OFFICERS, ENGINEERS, and RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

PRICE Rs. 25 (CASH).

THE PRIME.—A strong anddurable double-case SILVER LEVER WATCH, well adapted for rough usage and keeping accurate time.

PRICE Rs. 25. (CASH).

THE SAME with horizontal Escapement, Rs. 20 (Cash).

LARGE STOCK OF WATCHES.
From Rs. 10 to Rs. 600.

ALL WATCHES are regulated and timed before they are despatched. EACH WATCH is forwarded free with written guarantee to any part of India.

All orders should be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

EDMOND CHARPIE,
WATCHMAKER, BOMBAY.

MATURITY IN WOOD

SOFTENS both Wines and Spirits—*ergo*—we have always on our scantling Cognacs, Whisky, and Sherry.

To suit Buyers, we draw off into Jars of Imperial measure not less than one gallon, not more than four gallons.

Jars have Plated Taps and Lock Taps. We allow for their value on return.

We offer *Quarter Casks* of Cognac, Whisky, or Sherry, and our Prices vary according to quality.

COGNACS.

	Per Imperial Gal. Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
* Star, a capital peg Brandy	... 10 8	10 12
** Stars, pale agreeable flavour...	... 11 4	11 8
*** Stars, fine old Cognac, pale, mellow recommended for general consumption	... 13 0	13 8
**** Stars, very superior old pale, strongly recommended ...	... 15 0	15 8

SHERRY.

MANZANILLA.—This natural Sherry is very pale, dry, and has a good aroma.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Per Imperial Gallon	... 8 9	9 0
" Quarter Cask of about 27 Imperial Gallons	...216 0	236 0

FINE OLD WHISKY IN CASKS AND JARS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Irish and Scotch, A 1 Quality, per Imperial Gallon	... 8 12	9 0
Quarter Cask of about 29 Imperial Gallons...	...242 0	256 0

Empty Jars for the above—1 gall. Rs. 2 ; 2 gall. Rs. 3 ; 4 gall. Rs. 4.
Electro-plated Taps to suit—Rs. 4 each.

CLARETS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Cre Rs.
Medoc of about 48 Imp. Galls. or 24 dozs	172 0	18
St. Estephe " "	216 0	

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOWN HALL.
THIS EVENING, 7TH, AT 9 O'CLOCK.

POMPEI'S GRAND CONCERT,

Kindly assisted by Distinguished Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs.

PROGRAMME.

1 SOLO OBOE	Borgia, Donizetti	SIGNOR POMPEI.
2 SON

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 6.

CONSOLS in London yesterday were unaltered at 98⅞, the 3½ per cent. Indian Loan at 102, and Enfaced Rupee Paper at 82½ for Fours and 89½ for Fours-and-a-half. French Rentes were ⅛ higher at 116½, and the rate of exchange in Paris on London had advanced from fcs. 25·29½ to fcs. 25·31½ per £. This to a certain extent is a favourable feature in connection with the London money market, although the main point at the moment is in the New York quotation, which comes unaltered at 4.7⅞ dollars per £.

In the London General Produce markets Coffee and Cocoanut-oil are unchanged. Rapeseed is weaker, and partially lower in price. Linseed and Wheat unaltered.

The Manchester Piece-goods market is reported unchanged; but Cotton in Liverpool is reported active for American at an advance of ⅛d. on the spot and 1-16d per lb. to arrive, Surats being firm but unchanged in value. The day's sales are estimated at 15,000 bales, but of this only 600 are put down as Surats, showing very clearly that the movement continues to be entirely of a speculative character in Americans. In New York yesterday ready mid. Uplands advanced from 12⅜ to 12½, and December shipment from 11·63 to 11·88 cents per lb. The receipts at the U. S. ports were 19,000 bales for the two days, as against 14,800 for the same time last year. A continuance of these large figures will curb speculation for a September corner before long; but the advance at the moment shows so much strength, that we may have to wait a little while before a reaction sets in. We scarcely think, however, that the "bulls" will be able to hold their own up to the end of the month.

EXCHANGE.—Although Reuter still quotes Bar Silver at 51⅛d. per oz., we hear that private messages quote it weaker, and doubtless owing to that our market for Sterling to-day has shown a slightly easier tendency. Rates have not quotably altered, but the tendency has been distinctly more in favour of buying than selling. To our thinking, however, there is nothing to indicate the probability of any material decline, and should any drop take place, it is scarcely likely to be long maintained. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand				Rs. 1a. 7 13-16d per rupee.
Do.	telegraphic	..	..	1a. 7 25-32d. "
Do.	3 months' sight	..	..	1a. 7 31-32d. "
Credits,	3	"	"	.. 1a. 8 3-32d. "
Documents,	3	"	"	.. 1a. 8¼d. "
Francs	3	"	"	.. 2·12 "

On Calcutta we still quote demand drafts at par to 1-16 per cent. premium, 60 days' sight at ⅛ to 1 per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has shown increased weakness, the appearance of the money market exercising an adverse influence. Fours have receded to par, and 4½ to Rs. 108¾, with sellers but no buyers at both figures.

The SHARE market remains very quiet with a general leaning towards lower values. Bank of Bombay are unaltered, as also are Land Companies. Press shares are all weak, and our quotations show a general movement in favour of buyers. Spinning and Weaving Mill Companies are dull, and generally Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 lower. Amongst Miscellaneous Companies Kurrachee Ice are quoted Rs. 5, Wynaad Gold Mining Re. 1 per share lower.

COTTON has been firmer, with more inquiry for export. Transactions are reported to the extent of about 1,000 bales, chiefly in what is passing as G. F. Omra, at Rs. 162 to Rs. 163 per candy.

SEEDS are unaltered. WHEAT is still dull, and Soft White is now quoted at Rs. 33-8 per candy.

FREIGHTS continue firm for immediate shipment, and up to November there is still an enquiry for steam tonnage at comparatively firm rates, but there are one or two boats offering for later loading without finding charters.

PIECE-GOODS are quiet but steady on the spot at former values, but fairly firm, with some inquiry for distant shipment.

COALS are steady owing to the absence of forward sellers, but buyers still try to get in at as. 8 to as. 12 per ton under first cost.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	11p. ct.	735
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	8 do.	800
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	650
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	130
Chartd Bank I. & C.	40,000	20	all	6 do.	310
Chartd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do.	300
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	284	all	10½ do.	600
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12½	5½ do.	105
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	295
PRE S COMPANIES.					
Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,000
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18p.ct.	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	132p.s.	425 1,050
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	40	430xd. 560xd.
Bellary	625	1,000	1,000	25 p. s.	
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	40	410
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	36
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	910
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co.	500	300	all	100	245
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	50	1,125
Fort Press Co	150	8,500	8,500	300 p.s.	2,750
French Press Co	300	500	500	15 p.s.	414
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	50	450
Mofussil Co	3,125	40	40	15 p. s.	28½
New Indian Press	1,000	35	35	1½	1·3
Prince of W. Press	120	.....	1,500	23	1,300
Sind & Puniaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	10	1,125
Sassoon Press Co	300	50	300	2	170
Volkart's Press Co	400	1,000	all	58	475
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,400
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	50	400
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	5	138
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	1,700	500	35 p. s.	670xd.
Alliance Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	..	..	1,075
Bhownuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	1,600
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,150
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	860
Coorla Mills	800	500	300	50	980
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	995
Empress S. & W. Co.	750	500	all	25 p. s.	667½
Ditto (New Issue)	400	500	150	..	150
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	355
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,115
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,165
Jafier Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,165xd.
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	1,030
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,095xd.
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	1,390
Mahalukshmi	640	1,000	600	..	650
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	75	1,680
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	12 p. s.	272
Morarjee Goculdas	1,040	1,000	1,000	60	1,350
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,135
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	10 p. s.	1,220
Oriental	4,000	625	625	40	895
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	..	490
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	65	1,200xd.
Shoiapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,155
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	50	1,065xd
Southern India	600	500	Rs. 30	..	750
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	60	1,055
Western India S. & M. Company	1,20	1,000	200	15	830
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Bombay Saw Mills	100	1,000	1,000	100	560
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited,	1,250	100	100	7 p.c	170 100
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,410
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10p.ct.	10
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..	115
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	60	395
Mechanics' Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct	18
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	1,100
Ripon Gold Mining Co., Ld.	30,000	A 10	3¼	..	nomi. 21
Do.	1,000	B 100	100	..	118
Preacher & Company	2,000	500	all	Rs. 90	890
Tucker & Company	1,0·0	100	100	15	175
Wynaad Gold Mining Co.	20,000	25	15	..	nomi. 14
Wynaad Gold Co. Limited.	42,000	25	25	..	nomi. 22
WAY COMPANIES.					
	420	218-3-0	5 p. ct		315
	420	130-14-6	do		26
		65-7-3	do		32
		21-13-1	do		10
		1,000	do		1,010
		315	do		315
					20
					24

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
5	Sicily (s)	Green	London, Aug. 8.
6	Coconada (s)	Mitchell	Bussorah, Aug. 1.
	Wistow Hall (s)	Collins	Liverpool, Aug. 12.

DEPARTURE.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	Destinations.
6	Sumatra (s)	Brisco	Venice.

The steamer Geelong, Webber, to China, obtained her port-clearances yesterday.

The steamer Khiva, to China, was entered for loading yesterday.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Sept.
3 Khedive(s) ..... Southampton.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.
3 D. of Buccleuch(s). ..... Calcutta.
Dilpussund .... Rangoon.

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

July 27 Arab H. M.'s, ss, Stapford, from Assab.
30 Minicoilo P. Corvet, ss, Reberio, from Sea.
Aug. 7 Dragon, H. M.'s, ss, Hutton, from Assab.
15 Ettoreferamosca, It. G. B. Frigerio, from Assab.
19 Dagmar, A. G., ss, Cuthbert, from Muccala.
20 Dupleix, ss, Such, from Mauritius.
23 Beacon H. M.'s, ss, Hand, from Seychelles.
23 Samarra, ss, Scoc, from Venice.
23 Khedive, ss, Romlin, from London.
24 Cuyebassa, ss, Burke, from Brisbane.
24 Maurice Reunion, ss, Nicaisi, from Marseilles.
24 Peshawa, ss, Baker, from Bombay.
24 Agnes, ss, Horbech, from Samarang.
26 Manda Yacht, ss, Hall, from Tymington.
26 Escuriel, ss, Dacun, from Liverpool.
27 Solway, ss, Jarvise, from Cardiff.
28 Sportsman, ss, Kidner, from Pondicherry.
28 Amanda, ss, Rice, from Madras.
28 Lizzie English, ss, Robinson, from Bombay.
29 Cassandra, ss, Ahrens, from Hamburg.
30 Manora, ss, Cosens, from London.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 23 Samatra, ss, Briscoe, to Bombay.
23 Kinvive, ss, Romim to Calcutta.
24 Arab, H. M.'s, ss, Stapford, to Red Sea.
24 Beacon, H. M.'s, ss, Hand, to Malta.
24 Cuyeiassa, ss, Burke, to London.
24 Maurice Reunion, ss, Nicaisi, to Mauritius.
24 Peshawa, ss, Baker, to London.
29 Agnes, ss, Holbecn, to Genova.
25 Gelderland, ss, Sikemier, to Rotterdam.
25 Topaze, ss, Corfield, to Antwerp.
25 South Tyne, ss, Hailett, to Malta F. O.
26 Escuriel, ss, Dacun, to China.
26 Ettoreferamosca, It. G. B. Frigerio, to Assab.
27 Manda Yacht, ss, Hall, to Bankok.
29 Sportsman, ss, Kidner, to Marseilles.
29 Amanda, ss, Rice, to London.
29 Lizzie English, ss, Robinson, to Amsterdam.
29 Cassandra, ss, Ahrens, to China.
30 Manora, ss, Cosens, to Calcutta.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

Mindeollo P. Corvet, ss, Reberio, from Sea.
Dragoon H. M.'s, ss, Hutton, from Assab.
Dagmar, I. G. ss, Cuthbert, from Muccala.
Dupleix, ss, Such, from Mauritius.
Solway, ss, Jarvise, from Cardiff.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 6.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Hispania (s)—302 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons; 12 hogsheads earthenware, and 3 cases hardware, Nowrojee Canjee; 6 cases umbrellas, Esmailjee Mahamedalie.

Clan Macleran (s)—219 pigs lead, Edward Bates and Co; 18 cases gingerwine, Esmijee Bozonjee.

FROM LONDON.

Lady Octavia—50 cases matches, Abdoolally Shaik Adam.
Coriolanus—50 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Austriana—25 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER. 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Trentham Hall (s)—91 cwts myrabolams, Currimbhoy Dhurumsey; 550 cwts myrabolams, Jeewandass Vuubdass; 30 cwts wheat, Dewjee Javut; 140 cwts Wheat, Gindia Bharmull; 2,800 cwts wheat, Govindjee Madhowjee; 35 bales wool, Jeewandass Prunjee; 22 bales cotton, Nuppoo Kensey; 57 bales cotton, Dawjee Bhanjee; 42 bales cotton, Jaiwut Vussaya; 64 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 20 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co; 37 bales cotton, Hoothia Raghowjee; 100 bales cotton, Tamchund Sittaram; 1,000 cwts wheat, Govindjee Matthowjee.

Shelley (s)—600 cwts wheat, Laljee Poonsey.

Hispania (s)—862 cwts coir yarn, Abdoola Hajee Ahmed; 250 cwts coir yarn, Roysey Anerchund; 100 cwts coir yarn, Currumsey Khetsey and Co; 2,800 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co; 1,700 cwts wheat, Dewjee Jaiwut; 8 bales hides, Peerbhoy Danjee; 36 bales twist waste, Manordass Hurrukchund; 800 cwts wheat, Bamodersdass Hamoodass; 2,200 cwts wheat, Laljee Poonsey and Co; 10·4 cwts wheat, Javut Vussaria.

Clan Macleran (s)—400 cwts wheat, Topen Rowjee; 1,600 cwts wheat, Mooljetha; 800 cwts wheat, Mackonlay Simpson and Co; 1,600 cwts wheat, Laljee Poonsey and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Minerva (s)—32 cwts horns, Sa Brothers and Co; 16½ cwts indigo, Khuttowmull Tolaram; 5 cases fishmaws and 1 case peacock feathers, Sajunbhoy Dattoo; 200 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co; 18 bales hides, C. S. Cassombhoy; 16 bales hides and skins, Allarakhia Suzun; 13 bales hides, Jeewanbhoy; 27 bales hides and skins, Shuriffbhoy Jafferbhoy and Co; 33 bales hides, Natha Essa; 15 bales hides, A. H Tyeb; 4 bales skins, Rusoolbhoy Rahimbhoy; 17 bales hides, Mahamed Hassum; 7 bales hides, Fucker Mahomed Bharmuli; 11 bales hides, Mahomed Corjee; 15 bales hides, Mahamed Allana.

FOR TRIESTE.

Hungaria (s)—1,500 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 50 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Hungaria (s)—100 bales bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapatty

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Dido (s)—35 bales twist, Ardaseer Merwanjee.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Huzara (s)—262 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedass; 150 bales cotton, P. Chrystal and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Khiva (s)—41 packages bysabole, Dattoobhy Dassa.
Dido (s)—30 bales twist, the Central I. S. and W. Co; 9½ chests opium, Momraz Rambhoy.
Geelong (s)—23 chests opium, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 10 chests opium, Hajee Aslam Esmail and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Dido (s)—3½ chests opium, Currimbhoy Ebram; 7½ chests opium, Budridass Shrickison.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 4.

Swann, Lieut., 1st Grenadiers, on duty, from Mhow.

SEPTEMBER 5.

Edwardes, Col., 2nd Grenadiers, on duty, from Poona.
Newell, Lieut., 11th Bengal N. I., on leave, from Rawal Pindee.
Twynam, Col., 2-15th Regt., on duty, from Poona.
Gunter, Captain, Garrison Instructor, from leave, from England.

SEPTEMBER 6.

Allen, Captain, 98th Regt., on leave, from Kurrachee.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 5.

Edwardes, Col., 2nd Grenadiers, on duty, to Quetta.
Swinhoe, Lieut.-Col., Asst. Comsy. Genl., on duty, to Mhow.

SEPTEMBER 6.

Cotton, Surg., on sick leave, to England.
Bruce, Brigde. Surg. on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS. REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT.-COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, September 7.

The parade ordered for this day (Wednesday) is cancelled, the Town Hall being required for a concert.

By order, A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Lieut. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(Gazette of India, Sept. 3.)

SURVEY OF INDIA.

Mr. R. F. Warwick, Asst. Surveyor, 3rd Grade, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days, from such date as he may be allowed to avail himself of it.

Mr. R. W. Senior, Asst. Surveyor, 3rd Grade, is granted privilege leave for twenty-eight days, with effect from the 4th Aug.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. L. Schwendler, Electrician, is allowed furlough on medical certificate for sixteen months, with effect from the 2nd July.

Mr. T. D. Berrington, an Asst. Supdt. of the 4th Grade, is allowed furlough on medical certificate for six months, with effect from the 13th Aug.

AGENT, GOVERNOR GENERAL, FOR CENTRAL INDIA.

The leave granted to Capt. H. A. Vincent, Bo. S. C., Sqdn. Comdr., 1st C. I. Horse, in Nortification dated 25th Feb., is cancelled.

Lieut. J. M. Clements assumed charge of his duties as Offg. Asst. to the Govr. Genl.'s Agent in Rajputana on the forenoon of the 22nd Aug.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMERE-MERWARA.

Major. P. W. Smith, Deoli Irregular Force, is appointed to officiate temporarily as Cantonment Magistrate, Deolie, and is invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class., with effect from the 17th June.

Major P. Smith is also appointed, with effect from the above date, to officiate temporarily as Judge of 2nd Class, to hear suits of a civil nature up to Rs. 500 in value.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head-Quarters, Simla, Sept. 1.

The C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

N. 1.—Major H. G. Waterfield, S. C., to ...ate as 2nd in Commnd, vice Baker, offg. ...dt.

...Lieut. Col. R. H. Inglis, 2nd in Com... Comdt., vice Thompson, retired. ...June.

...ut. Col. A. G. Handcock, Wing ... Comd., vice Inglis, but to ...ervice on the staff. Dated

...Collins, from the 13th N. ...ce Oldham, promoted. ...hson, 2nd Bn. Rl. ...lidate for the Bl. ...r on probation.

...sanction the ...son, from ...on pro- ...A. G., ...ter- ...

...ow with financial assistance from ...

...on 27 June, 2017

duty with effect from the dates specified opposite their names, preparatory to being placed on the retired list, are permitted to proceed to England:—

Capt. A. Jobling, 1st Bn. York and Lancaster Regt., 18th Aug.

Capt. R. K. Brereton, 2nd Bn. N. Lancashire Regt., 18th Aug.

Capt. G. J. Buller, 1st Bn. Leicestershire Regt., 22nd Aug.

Capt. (Bt. Major) W. H. E. Ridsdale, 2nd Bn. Norfolk Regt., 22nd Aug.

Lieut. F. E. Cooper, R. A., is directed to proceed from Benares to Ghora Dhaka, for duty with No. 1 Mountain Battery 8th Brigade.

Lieut. F. B. Jackson, R. A. is directed to proceed from Ghora Dhaka to Mean Meer, for duty with C Battery 4th Brigade.

The following orders are confirmed:—

6th Dragoon Guards.—Regtl. order, dated 11th Aug., appointing Lieut. and Adjt. A. Weston to perform the duties of Instr. in Musketry during the period Lieut. A. Sprot is doing duty at the Dalhousie depot, or until further orders, there being no other qualified officer available.

36th N. I.—Regtl. order, dated 3rd Aug., appointing Lieut. E. M. Nedham, Wing Officer and Adjt., to officiate as Wing Comdr., in addition to his other duties, vice Thomson, offg. as 2nd in Command; consequent on Capt. C. A. Coles being on the sick list.

The leave to England on urgent private affairs from the 10th Feb. to the 9th Nov. granted to Major R. C. Brook, 1st Bn. S. Lancashire Regt, in G. O. C. C. dated the 29th Dec. 1880, is extended to the 9th Dec. 1881.

The leave of absence granted to Capt A. S McRae, 22nd N. I., in G. O. C. C. dated the 8th Aug. is cancelled at his own request.

The leave of absence on urgent private affairs to England, from 22nd Oct. 1880 to 22nd Oct.-1881, granted to Lieut (Adjt) F. A. B. Talbot, 1st Bn. Oxfordshire L. I. in G. O. C. C. dated the 15th Nov. 1880, is extended to the 21st Jan. 1882.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."

This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS,

for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.". "AGENTS WANTED.

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VEGETABLE

PILLS,

acknowledged by all who have used them to be a certain cure for HEAD-ACHE, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, diseases of DIGESTION, and FEVERS. These PILLS act with great mildness, cleansing the system of all impurities, without leaving the bowels in an unhealthy condition. Residents of hot climates find them indispensable, and no family should be without them. Sold by Dealers everywhere.

GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NEW YORK.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENT.

"G. D. KULKARNI."—We do not see that any useful purpose would be served by publishing your letter.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

HOGG—August 16th, at Summer Hill, Torquay, the wife of Capt. Hardinge Hogg, 3rd Sind Horse, of a daughter.

DEATH.

BLACKWELL—August 16th, at Hertford, Edward W. Blackwell, Assistant Auditor, G. I. P. Railway, aged 14 years.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

OPITZ—September 6th, at "Oybin," Colaba, the wife of Mr. Gustav Opitz, of a daughter, (prematurely.)

WEST—September 3rd, at Deesa, the wife of Major E. W. West, Acting Political Superintendent, Palanpur, of a daughter.

DEATH.

PRANJEEWANDASS—At his residence, Third Bhoiwada Street, Near Bhooleshwar, Davidass Purshotumdass, son of Purshotumdass Pranjeewandass, of dysentery, aged 44 years. Deeply regretted.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1881.

WE are glad to learn that the people on the other side of India are not the only ones who are agitating the subject of railway extension in this country. A scheme has been brought forward for the extension of the Pali branch of the B. B. & C. I. Railway beyond Godra, the point to which it has already been sanctioned, to Rutlam, and thence to Gwalior, with a possible extension ultimately to Cawnpore. This proposed route is in the direction of the originally proposed line of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, and from the intended line through Central India it took its name. The point of departure from its present line to Central India was then to have been Baroda, and it is still a question whether the line now suggested should not start from Baroda for Rutlam, rather than be made an extension of the Pali branch from Godra. This is of course a matter to be settled hereafter; meantime the Chamber of Commerce has, we understand, asked Government to undertake the surveys of the proposed line, so that a complete scheme may be laid before capitalists, whom the success of the Rothschulds' line on the Calcutta side will have made ready to undertake any good scheme. So far as is known, there is no great obstacle on the route either in the shape of ghauts or rivers, and it will certainly open up a very important part of the country, and give it railway communication with the nearest sea-port. We suppose that the Chamber of Commerce will also apply for information from Government officers and the Political Agents along the route as to the traffic which might be expected. There can be, however, but little doubt that the railway could be made to pay. When we see the dividends now being earned by the older railways, which were built at a most extravagant cost, we need not doubt that one constructed at the very low comparative cost of the present day will prove remunerative. This railway would ultimately be one of the trunk lines of India, tapping a country which lies about midway between the G. I. P. Railway on the south and the Rajputana on the north. So far as Rutlam, where it intersects the narrow-gauge system of Western India, the traffic is not a matter of doubt; and the line so far would have the advantage of a better return traffic than most railways have in this country. Immense quantities of salt and tobacco now are carted to the districts about Rutlam from Guzerat, and the trade would be largely increased were there the facilities offered by a railway. We trust, therefore, that the Chamber will urge on the Government to make the necessary surveys and obtain the necessary statistics regarding this line, as it cannot fail, if made, to be of immense benefit to this city.

The G. I. P. Railway are already urging on the attention of Government the advisability of extending the Bhopal Railway, when completed, on further north, and thus giving Bombay a shorter connection with the grain regions of the East Indian Railway than that *viâ* Allahabad. We learn that the political officers are "sounding" the several Native Princes through whose territory this line would pass as to their readiness to promote such an enterprise. The line supported by the Chamber of Commerce has, however, many advantages over that proposed by the G. I. P. Company. In the first place, it would give an entirely new connection with Cawnpore, and would therefore create a healthy competition for through traffic—a competition which would not only benefit the trade, but in the end benefit the railways themselves. No railway company knows how economically it can work until it is pressed by competition. And we can never get the expenses of our railways to their lowest point until they are deprived of their monopolies. The B. B. and C. I. Railway thrives in spite of the cheap boat accommodation which skirts nearly their whole line; while the G. I. P. Railway have not been able as yet to run off the bullock-cart traffic which continues to follow their trains nearly the whole length of their lines. Furthermore, a glance at the map will show that the proposed Godra, Rutlam, and Gwalior Railway intersects the State line connecting Ajmere and Rhandwa nearly midway, and it will thus serve as a valuable feeding connection to this State railway. With this railway completed, we should have the basis for a network of railways between Bombay and the ... can have but little practical effect in the consideration of the question of the maintenance or withdrawal of the subsidies, which will be decided upon principles wholly foreign to those of ecclesiastical law. Nor do I attach importance to the allusions made to the concessions granted to the Buddhists. These concessions were without doubt originally made for political reasons, and in practice they amount to no more than the concessions which were made to the Christian churches in Colombo and the Sivites in Jaffna, viz., the retention of their property and the free exercise of their religion. I entirely agree with the Bishop in thinking that in any change vested rights should be respected, but I cannot reckon among vested rights the expectation of promotion, especially among the lower officers of the department, on which the Bishop lays so much stress. No such right has ever been recognised, and even the reasonable claims of the resident clergy to the higher posts in the Ecclesiastical Department have been sedulously ignored. A reference to the Blue-Book will show that the bishopric, and three out of the four highest paid chaplaincies, carrying annual salaries ranging from Rs. 6,000 to Rs. 7,000, have all been filled by new appointments made from England within the last five years, while the seven lower paid chaplaincies, ranging from Rs. 1,250 to Rs. 4,000, have been filled by the present holders for periods varying from 28 years to 6 years. It is manifest that a right cannot now be recognised which has been so long and persistently ignored."

It does not require any intimate knowledge of the recent history of the diocese of Colombo to appreciate this.

THE end of the whole matter is, we are glad to say, that orders have at last been issued that the whole provision now made for ecclesiastical purposes from public funds in Ceylon should be gradually withdrawn as vacancies occur. A period of grace of five years before the commencement of the withdrawal of the stipends has been conceded to the prayers of the bishop. And vested interests of course are respected, as they always are—unless they happen to be vested interests of the taxpayer. But the beginning of the end has come for the Establishment in Ceylon.

ONE word more. The Secretary of State is "content to rest the argument against the continuance of the present arrangements on figures which show that in Ceylon out of a total population of 2,400,000, the Christians numbered exactly 250,000, of whom 190,000 were Roman Catholics, and 45,000 belonged to unassisted Protestant denominations; leaving only 15,000 Anglicans and Presbyterians as the recipients of the State contribution for ecclesiastical purposes." What are the corresponding figures in India?

WE have been asked to give all the publicity we can to the scheme for the foundation of a society and club in London open to natives of this country who may be residing there for the purpose of study, or may be visiting England for other reasons. We are glad that we have already, in our issue of the 23rd August, given in full the circular of *The Northbrook Indian Society and Club*. This institution is one which has our warmest sympathy. Its main object, that of bringing the young men who are in ever increasing numbers leaving India to get some knowledge of England, and qualify themselves for careers and professions in which they may stand shoulder to shoulder with Englishmen, into connection with English society, and so "give an assurance to the parents and guardians of these young men that they will be properly looked after," is one whose importance it would be difficult to overestimate. But the club cannot be started without funds. We would ask our native readers to note that the Prince of Wales has made his adhesion conditional on a sufficient response being first made from India itself. That this response will be made we entertain no doubt: and we shall very gladly take charge of, and acknowledge in our columns, any sums that may be sent us to be put at the disposal of the Committee of the club.

ENGLISH COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

THE speculative "squeeze" in the cotton market has been attracting a good deal of notice in Manchester, and has also led to some instructive comments by Ellisons of Liverpool in their circular just issued. The "squeeze" is an attempt to repeat the famous coup of September and October, 1879, under what seem to be less favourable circumstances than then offered themselves to the speculator; but the plot is gradually thickening, and it is difficult to say how the bold stroke will end. I will summarise and compress the various remarks made so far. It is understood that the "squeeze" is to last until the end of September. The operators for the rise have of course confined their attention to American cotton, and the rule of the trade with reference to the mode in which contracts for future delivery are to be fulfilled has greatly aided the execution of their plans. The rule is that no cotton must be tendered for execution of a contract for "futures" which is below the grade of low-middling. The price stipulated at the time of sale is always for "middling," any variation upward or downward from this standard in the quality of the cotton actually tendered being allowed for by the buyer or the seller, as the case may require. It is well known that the supply of the better grades of American cotton is always least abundant in relation to that of the lower ones during August and September, when indeed the entire stock is reduced to its lowest point. To such narrow dimensions had the supply of American cotton fallen in September, 1879, that at the end of the month there was little more than two weeks' consumption in Liverpool, and a very successful "corner" was established by the same speculators who are engaged in the present operation. But the stock of American cotton now is equal to three months' consumption, while the quantity in American and Continental ports and afloat is much larger than it was two years since; so that the task of obtaining effective control over the prices is now much more difficult than in 1879. Messrs. Ellison and Co., in their circular, trace the commencement of the operation from April and May last, when a "bear" movement, that is, an operation for the fall, was kept up in view of the rapidly extending cultivation of cotton in the States by sellers who contracted to deliver in August and September at prices from 6⅜ per lb. down to 5⅜. This gave the opportunity to the present speculators of the "corner," who contracted to take these autumn deliveries upon such a scale as to give them the means of creating a fictitious rise otherwise beyond their power to accomplish. "Having entered into these contracts, their next step was to secure the control of a sufficient quantity of the tenderable grades of cotton existing in Liverpool and elsewhere, to put it out of the power of the April-May sellers to fulfil their engagements without supplying their wants in a market from which the very cotton they desired was withdrawn, or was being withdrawn, at steadily advancing prices. Thus it is that middling Upland on the spot in Liverpool has risen from 5 15-16d. per lb. at the close of May to 6¾d., the present quotation, which, however, is 1-16d. per lb. below the point attained a week ago. Within the same period August-September deliveries have risen from 6 5-32d. per lb. to 6 27-32d.—an advance of 11-16d. per lb." The supply of American cotton in the English, American, and Continental ports, and at sea, is estimated at 882,000 bales, worth nearly £10,000,000. It is obvious that the work of acquiring possession of a sufficient proportion of the better grades must necessitate most substantial resources in funds. What proportion will give the control needed is a point only to be determined by the course of events; but one or two incidents enter into the calculation which it is not easy to measure, the most important of these being the probable demand for consumption. This part of the problem involves two questions: namely, to what extent have spinners provided against the anticipated "corner;" and, next, what new demands are likely to arise in Manchester which will swell the demand for cotton? It is hard to believe that the ample warnings given of the coming squeeze have not influenced cotton spinners to some extent. It is well known that during April and May, and the first-half of June, producers sold extensively for forward delivery; but comparatively little has been added to these engagements since, and it is not likely that there are now uncovered contracts to any appreciable extent. But the question still remains, whether fresh business will be concluded within the next few weeks which will drive spinners into the cotton market as buyers. This is not at all likely. Many of the foreign markets are over supplied, and from none are there urgent demands; nor is there any indication of anticipatory buying for delivery before the close of the year. Indeed, the fame of the "corner" has had a paralysing effect upon buyers and sellers alike. The former will not enter into engagements in a market where prices are acknowledged to be artificial, and s

TELEGRAMS.

LATEST NEWS FROM AFGHANISTAN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 6.

The near approach of the Amir, and the absurd reports current as to the strength and numbers of his army, are said to have had a disheartening effect in Kandahar.

Ayoub has released Sirdar Shams-ud-din, and sent him to the Amir with friendly messages, in the hope that he may be able to bring about a settlement ; and he has announced in the city that it is the English, and not the Amir, whom he always intended to attack.

He has also given notice that all persons having Government arms in their possession may consider them their own property, provided they join in fighting the kafirs.

It is not yet certain what is the real purport of Ayoub's change of plan ; but the withdrawing of troops from Deh-i-Khwajeh to the Badurani gate, and the recalling of the Sartip and his cavalry from their posts on the Kelat-i-Ghilzai road, confirm the belief of his intention to take the chances of an engagement outside Kandahar.

THE INDIAN TEA TRADE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 6.

A large and influential meeting of the members of the Tea Syndicate and others interested in the tea industry in India was held on Monday.

The chairman gave a long and interesting account of the labours of the syndicate since its formation in January, and the results achieved by it. He stated that the shipments of tea to Melbourne from the commencement, just 12 months since, had met with complete success, recent sales particularly so, the prices obtained for certain classes being higher than were obtainable either in Calcutta or London ; and extensive orders by wire had recently received. The syndicate has shipped to Australia since the commencement 434,825 lbs., and large quantities have also been shipped by outsiders. The total exports for the year are nearly three quarter of a million lbs., against 86,628 in the previous year. A new and most promising market has also been opened up with America, but has only recently commenced, and consequently there has not yet been time to make much headway where local prejudices in favour of China and Japan teas are found to be very strong. The result, however, is most encouraging, and agencies are being opened in all the large centres. The consumption of the States aggregates no less than eighty million lbs., and opens up a splendid field to Indian tea-growers.

The meeting was strongly of opinion that every effort should be made to place Indian teas on colonial markets, and so relieve the pressure on the London market.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]
(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE FRENCH IN TUNIS.

LONDON, SEPT. 6.

The *Morning Post*, in to-day's issue, publishes a paragraph stating that M. Roustan has informed the French Government that the Bey of Tunis, in pursuance of orders from the Sultan, is supporting and inciting rebellion, and that the deposition of the Bey and the occupation of Tunis by the French is absolutely necessary.

DR. BIRDWOOD KNIGHTED.

Doctor Birdwood, of the Indian Museum, has received the honour of Knighthood.

PROPOSED MEETING OF THE EMPERORS OF RUSSIA AND GERMANY.

ST. PETERSBURG, SEPT. 5.

A meeting has been arranged to take place shortly between the Emperors of Russia and Germany.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, SEPT. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Camorta left here for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo this afternoon.

MALTA, SEPT. 5.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Booldana, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 4th inst.

LONDON, SEPT. 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed active. Surats firm.

The London Cotton Market has been active.

Fair Dhollera	4 3-16
The Manchester Market has been unchanged.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	82¼
,, do.	89½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102
,, Consols for account	99⅞
5 ,, French Rentes	116¼
Bar Silver	51⅛
Arrivals—Claudius and Nyassa.	

STEAMER REPORTS.

TRINCOMALLEE, SEPT. 6, 10 P. M.

H. M. S. Eclipse sailed from Madras this morning.

GALLE, SEPT. 6, 3 P. M.

French mail-steamer Amazon, from China, arrived.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, SEPTEMBER 5.

At 10 p. m. ..... 78·6 Farht.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6.

At 6 a. m.	77·7
,, 10 a. m.	80·8
,, 2 p. m.	85·1
,, 4 p. m.	84·8

CHOLERA seems to be increasing in Umballa. There were upwards of 20 fresh cases on the 30th August.

IT is stated that the Punjab Government has called for a report on the use of sulphuric acid as a prophylactic in cholera. Dr. Leitner, the Punjab Sanitary Commissioner, has a very high opinion of its efficacy, and it is being extensively used in Lahore.

THE 1st King's Dragoon Guards and E.A. R. H. A. from Meerut, the 14th Sikhs from Umballa, and a Native Cavalry regiment are to form the Viceroy's escort at Agra.

SURGEON-MAJOR FRANKLIN, of Lucknow, succeeds Dr. Crombie next season as Joint Civil Surgeon at Simla.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY has conferred upon His Highness the Raja of Nahan, and also upon His Highness the Raja of Faridkot, the honour of receiving a return visit from His Excellency.

THE appointment of Assistant Secretary to the Punjab Government, in the Financial Department, vacated by the retirement of Mr. R. H. Haviland, on the 1st September, has been conferred on Mr. Laville, of the Accountant-General's office.

MR. R. J. DALTON has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Punjab Government during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. R. L. Davis.

MR. T. W. HOLDERNESS, of the N. W. P. Board of Revenue, Secretariat, will, it is stated, probably officiate at Simla in the Under-Secretaryship of the R. A. Department, in the room of Mr. Tupper, who is likely to be placed on special duty for that time. Mr. Tupper is required to perform some special work in connection with the Rent Bill which the Bengal Government is sending up to head-quarters for consideration.

THE services of Surgeon Lewtas, at present medical officer in Kashmir, being required by the Bengal Government, he will leave Kashmir almost at once. Surgeon-Major Paterson, from Peshawur, it is expected, will be appointed in his place.

THE Soldiers' Industrial Exhibition is to be held in the first week of November, 1882, instead of this year.

THE Municipal Commissioners of Amritsur have refused to consider proposals for lighting the town with gas, because they consider the electric light would be better. The Lahore paper states that "at a recent meeting of the Amritsur Municipality the question of lighting the city with gas was brought forward, but it was decided that, as it was very likely that lighting by electricity would be sooner or later universally adopted, the Municipal Committee should communicate with the electric light companies of Bombay and Calcutta on the subject, and that at present the Municipality should not sanction a sum of money for lighting the city with gas, as it might be a useless expenditure in view of the adoption of electricity."

A REPORT has reached an up-country paper from Peshawur that the well-known Moollah Fakir, who gave so much trouble near Jellalabad last year, has been put to death at Kabul by the Amir. This Moollah was a fanatical adherent of the Shere Ali family, and his influence among the more ignorant of the people was such that he could always get small bands of men together for guerilla purposes. This influence was due to the belief that the Moollah possessed certain supernatural powers ; the truth being that he was a very clever conjuror, trading on the credulity of his followers. He chiefly devoted himself to stirring up the Momunds and Shinwaris, and his visit to Kabul was probably to arrange with Shere Ali's adherents there for an outbreak in the Jellalabad Valley.

THE Allahabad paper gives the following figures of the general census :—The returns show a grand total of population for all India of 252,000,000. Figures amounting to 218,000,000 can be compared with previous censuses, and show an increase of 6·2 per cent. But in some provinces apparent large increases may be due to the inaccuracy of previous enumerations. Provincial totals are—Bengal, 68,800,000 ; Assam, 4,800,000 ; Madras, 30,800,000 ; Bombay, 13,900,000 ; ditto Native States, 6,900,000 ; Sindh, 2,400,000 ; North-West Provinces, 32,600,000 ; ditto Native States, 700,000 ; Oude, 11,400,000 ; British Punjab, 18,700,000 ; Native ditto, 3,800,000 ; Central Provinces, 11,500,000 ; Berar, 2,600,000 ; British Burmah, 3,700,000, Mysore, 4,100,000 ; Rajpootana, 11,000,000 ; Central India, 9,200,000 ; Hyderabad, 9,100,000. The total makes males 123,000,000, females 118,000,000. The provincial increases per cent. as compared with previous censuses are as follows:—Bengal, 10; Assam, 19; Sind, 10; North-West, 6 ; Oudh, 1 ; Punjab, 7 ; Central Provinces, 25 ; Berar, 20; Burmah, 35. The decreases are—Madras, 24 per cent ; Bombay, 3 ; Mysore, 17.

MESSRS. J. AND R. MAXWELL AND CO., publishers, of Fleet-street, London, announce their intention of issuing shortly a penny edition of Sir Walter Scott's novels. The publishers, we are informed, "earnestly appeal to everyone engaged in the education of youth to bring before their pupils of both sexes the new cheap edition of Sir Walter Scott's novels, each 1d., abridged and edited, with reverential regard to their peculiar merits and characteristics, by a novelist—Miss Braddon—whose ardent admiration for the great master of modern fiction has made the task a labour of love. Whatever objection may have been felt hitherto by the cleric and the layman to placing fiction before children of tender years, it is hoped that the new penny edition of Sir Walter Scott's novels will be found to satisfy every scruple and to realise every requirement. All lovers of pure literature should vie with one another in making known this earnest endeavour to bring these masterpieces of fiction and of historical research within the reach of the humblest capacity and of the most slender means. The publishers anxiously invite the co-operation of the clerical and scholastic professions to secure, at the earliest possible moment, the widest circulation of the new edition."

OF Lieutenant-Colonel Kennedy, of the Indian Quartermaster-General's Department, whose death by drowning while on leave in England Reuter announced the other day, the *Pioneer* says :—"But a gap has been made in that little band of staff officers whom Sir Frederick Roberts gathered about him during the Aghan war, and who served him so well during good and bad fortune. Colonel Kennedy was, to use one of his chief's expressive phrases, 'well to the front' at the Peiwar ; and on the march upon Kabul he did particularly good service as Deputy Quartermaster-General of the Army which won Charasia. In the after events about Sherpur his energy was always noticeable where all were energetic, while no more light-hearted critic of the situation during the nine days' siege could have been found in the cantonment. Colonel Kennedy as A. Q. M. G. accompanied the force which relieved Kandahar, and his work between Kabul and the southern fortress was of the hardest kind. During the war he was frequently mentioned in despatches and was rewarded with two brevets. The date of Colonel Kennedy's first commission was 19th August, 1862, and we believe he served in the 55th Foot, 18th Hussars, and 1st Dragoons, exchanging from the last-named regiment into the Staff Corps in 1875. He acted as aide-de-camp both to Lord Lawrence and Lord Napier. Colonel "Dick" Kennedy was certainly one of the most popular men in the Indian service, and his death will be regretted by many an old companion to whom his cheery disposition and high spirits had endeared him."

THE Lahore paper hears from Jummoo of a quarrel that has lately arisen between the Pujiras and Dondias, two notable sections of the Jain religion. The latter, as far as the facts show, are the aggressors ; and one of their number, a man of great influence, has, by oppressive measures, compelled the Pujiras to close their temples and discontinue worshipping their favourite idols of Siddah, Chakra, and Parasnath. The Pujiras, unable to bear the oppression, have sent an application to His Highness the Maharaja at Kashmere. This has aroused the feelings of the Pujira community at large, and it is stated that the Pujiras of Gujranwalla have drawn up a memorial on the subject, which is also on its way to Kashmere.

THE introduction of a new system, in reference to the transmission of newspapers through the post, is, an up-country contemporary believes, under the consideration of Government. "This contemplates, first of all, a reduction in the postage rates for very light newspapers. At the first glance, there may seem to be some unfairness in this distinction between light and heavy newspapers ; but there is a good deal to be said in its favour when examined more closely. Roughly, all native vernacular papers come into the very light class ; and it is reasonable, from their point of view, to complain against the rule by which they pay the same postage, half an anna, when their weight is perhaps three tolas and their price a pice,—as the English newspaper, which costs four annas and weighs seven or eight tolas. The scheme which the Postmaster-General has in view provides for the reduction of the rate, in the case of papers weighing less than three tolas, to one quarter anna for postage. The limit three tolas has been fixed by estimates that have been made as to the average weights of the various Indian newspapers, English and native. We believe these estimates to show the average weights of the English newspapers in India to be as follows, the figures referring to tolas : The *Pioneer* 8½, *Friend of India* 7½, *Civil and Military Gazette* 7½, *Bombay Gazette* 4¾, *Times of India* 4½, *Englishman* 4¾, *Indian Daily News* 4½, *Madras Mail* 4½, *Madras Times* 4, *Statesman* 4½, *Delhi Gazette* 3½. Now, the native papers are, as far as the vast majority is concerned, under 3 totals in weight. Out of 94 that have been examined, 79 are under that weight. The rest exceed it but little, and could probably arrange to bring themselves down, by a course of appropriate Banting, to within the 3-tola limit, which is thus manifestly the right one to choose as the boundary line between the ¼ and ½ anna rates. The reduction is mainly aimed to favour them ; but a good many English trade circulars, price currents, and miscellaneous publications of that nature, which come within the definition of a newspaper for Post-office purposes, will doubtless take advantage of it."

THE Postmaster-General's report on the operations of the Post-office in the United Kingdom for the year ending March 31, 1881, has been issued. The number of letters delivered during the twelve months was 1,176,423,606, showing an increase of 4·3 per cent. ; the number of post-cards, 122,884,000, an increase of 7·4 per cent. ; the number of book packets and circulars, 248,881,600, an increase of 16·3 per cent. ; and the number of newspapers, 133,796,100, an increase of 2·5 per cent. There is again a marked increase in registered letters, the number recorded being 10,034,546, against 8,739,191 of the previous year, or an increase of 14·8 per cent. The report says :—Over 5,300,000 letters were dealt with in the Returned Letter Office, 475,000 of which it was found impossible to deliver or return. One contained a banknote for £100, still unclaimed, and attached to the seal of another was a sovereign, which was returned to the owner, who had forgotten to remove it. In addition to the letters, about half a million of post-cards, four millions of book packets, and 400,000 newspapers found their way to the same office. More than 27,000 letters were posted without any address whatever : 5,000 furnished no clue to the name of the sender, and 1,340 contained articles of value to the amount of nearly £5,000. The use of too fragile covers occasioned the escape of some 30,000 articles. The habit of transmitting animal and perishable matter such as fish, sausages, birds to be stuffed, clotted cream, fruit, yeast, salads, jellies, live kittens, and dead rats still prevails.

THE MONSOON.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba.		Fort.		Esplanade.		Byculla.	
	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.
Previously regtd.	61	98	69	19	62	54	68	50
Sept. 5 Monday	0	26	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Tuesday	..	..	0	10	0	10	0	0
Total	65	24	69	29	62	64	68	50
Sept. 6, 1880 ..	41	72	47	55	40	22	41	76

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort, Esplanade, and Byculla are made up to 6 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT

(6th September, 1881.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast from Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office :—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea-level.	Reading at 10 a.m.	Wind. Direction and force.	Mean velocity.	Rain
		Ther. in shade.			
	Ins.	Dgs		Mls. p. hr.	Ins.
Kurrachee ..	29·762	81·9	W S W	20	0·00
Surat.....	·869	82·1	W	15	0·00
Bombay.	·893	80·8	S E.	9	0·11
Ratnagiri	·911	81·3	(S S E (light	..	0·62
Karwar	·917	81·1	(N W (modt.	..	0·42
Mangalore....	·944	79·9	W	3	0·15
Calicut	·945	79·6	calm	6	0·00
Cochin	·919	82·3	N W	3	0·15
Masulipatam.	·812	80·0	S W	..	0·00
Madras.....	·873	79·0	W	4	0·31
Negapatam ..	·873	84·5	S W	6	0·00

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, 25th B.L.I., Apollo bunder, 6 p. m.
Concert, Town Hall, 9 p. m.
Performance, Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED—The following vessel arrived on the 5th :—Sicily (s), from London. Yesterday :—Coconada (s), Bussorah ; Wistow Hall (s), Liverpool.

VESSEL SAILED—The following vessel sailed yesterday :—Sumatra (s), to Venice.

BAND AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The band of the 25th Bombay Light Infantry will play the following programme of music at the Apollo bunder at 6 p. m. (weather permitting) :—

March.....	J. H. Massey.
Overture	Charles VI ..... Halevy.
Valse	My Queen ..... Coote.
Selection	Reminiscences of Wales.. Godfrey.
Polka Mazurka...	The Alpine Rose..... Strauss.
Galop	Eldorado ..... C. Frickle.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

RAINFALL AT PALI.—The B. B. and C. I. Railway return of rainfall registered at Pali up to the 4th September shows an addition of 10 cents on the 1st inst., making a total of 37 inches 1 cent.

ROAD ACCIDENT.—Rowjee Yessoo, a labourer employed driving a bullock roller, yesterday received a severe wound on the left leg, caused by an iron spike of the roller.

A COBRA.—A full-sized cobra was killed by police ramoshi No. 58 while doing duty, on Monday evening last, at the residence of M. Voillon, at Malabar Hill. The snake was seen passing through the compound of the premises.

THEFT AT GRANT BUILDINGS.—Mr. H. Hugquet, residing at No. 1, Grant Buildings, Colaba, has reported to the police the theft of a silver watch, valued at Rs. 60, recently purchased from Messrs. Favre Leuba and Co., Rampart-row, Fort.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 3rd inst. :—Horses, 1 lame, 1 broken keee, and 1 emaciated ; bullocks, 9 lame, 24 sore necks, 1 emaciated, 2 goading, and 1 unshod. Total number of cases 40.

ITALIAN OPERA.—A meeting is to be held at Messrs. Soundy and Co.'s to-morrow, the 8th inst., for the purpose of considering Signor Pompei's proposed scheme for bringing out an Italian opera company next season. The Hon. Mr. Justice Kemball will preside.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 5,620, the average daily attendance being 181. There were 1,033 new admissions. Of the total number 1,784 were children. Forty-six children were vaccinated during the month.

THEFT.—Shaik Hussain Abdool Raymon, a calassee, was yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of stealing a set of silver studs, with a silver chain attached, valued at Rs. 6-8, belonging to Shaik Baba Shaik Dawood, a fellow-calassee. He was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

A BOY MISSING.—Dewjee Dhunjee, residing at Bhendy Bazaar-road, has reported to the police that his brother, aged thirteen years, named Ramjee Dhunjee, has been missing since the 3rd instant. The lad is said to have had on his person when last seen gold and silver ornaments to the value of Rs. 70.

THE ROOKMINIBAI DISPENSARY AT CALLIAN.—During the month of August last 496 patients were treated in this charitable institution, of whom 415 were new admissions (including 5 in-door patients). Of this total 317 were cured, 76 absented, and 103 are still under treatment. This includes 81 remaining from last month.

THEFT AT GIRGAUM.—Wassedew Luximon, residing at Hathvuriawady, Girgaum, reported to the police on Monday last the theft of a tin-box containing currency notes, cash, documents and receipts of the Gas Company, some Mahrathi books, &c., of the collective value of Rs. 80, from his premises during the previous night.

CONCERTS AT THE TOWN HALL.—Signor Pompei's concert this evening will be followed by three concerts by Signor Dori and his three nieces, Mdlles. Emilie (from the Grand Opera, Vienna), Leopoldine, and Marie, on the 10th, 17th, and 21st inst. Mdlle. Leopoldine sings in operetta, and Mdlle. Marie is an accomplished pianiste, who plays the accompaniments for her sisters.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Kaitan Pinto, *alias* Antone DeSouza, a noted character, was yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of criminal breach of trust in respect of sundry loaves of bread, &c., valued at Rs. 16, the property of his master J. M. Pereira, a baker residing at Sonapore. Being an old offender, he was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

DROWNED.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, on view of the body of Robert Henry Higgins, aged thirty years. Deceased was an under-steward on board the P. and O. steamship Avoca. Whilst bathing in the Prince's Dock on the evening previous, he was accidentally drowned. A verdict of accidental death by drowning was recorded.

SUICIDE.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Mazagon on view of the body of Jankee, woman, aged twenty-five years. Deceased, it appears, was subject to periodical fits, and in one of these attacks on the day previous ran out of her house and could nowhere be found. Her dead body was subsequently discovered in a well near her house. A verdict of suicide by drowning was recorded.

QUARANTINE ARRANGEMENTS AT GOA.—The fort of Reis Magos at Goa has been converted into a lazaretto to receive passengers coming from infected ports. Sailing vessels entering the port will be subject to a quarantine tax not exceeding Rs. 37-8, and steamers to Rs. 62-8. Persons undergoing quarantine will pay half a rupee daily for first-class, and four annas for second and third-class accommodation.

COMBINATION OF NATIVE MERCHANTS AGAINST STEAM-SHIP OWNERS.—We are glad that once in their life the native dealers have shown themselves capable of a combination to meet the unscrupulous demands of the English steamers' owners. Before 1879 the rates of freight were between 20 to 30 shillings a ton. But in that year all the agents of the principal steamer lines from England to Bombay combined together and increased the rates to 40 shillings per ton. This increase even would not satisfy the propensity of the steamer-owners of making money fast, and they increased the rates to 60 shillings per ton. This rate was more than what the native dealers could pay, and they have entered into a combination among themselves and arranged with the Inch line of steamers to run fortnightly steamers to Bombay for one year, charging freight at 30 shillings per ton. They have further, as a surety of good faith, deposited a lakh of rupees in Government paper, and have guaranteed a certain amount of freight. Any person of the combination who fails to have all his goods sent out by this line is to pay a fine of rupees one thousand and one. We hope the combination will continue long enough to give the English steamer-owners a good lesson which they richly deserve.—*Indu Prakash.*

THE ALLEGED WOOL-CLEANING NUISANCE.

YESTERDAY, at the Fort Police Court, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, the case The Municipal Commissioner *versus* Messrs. Nowrojee Nusserwanjee and Company, proprietors of a wool-cleaning factory situated on the Lower Duncan-road, was resumed. The defendants stand charged with carrying on the business of a wool-cleaning factory without a licence from the Municipal Commissioner under section 225 of the Municipal Act.

Mr. Crawford, of Messrs. Crawford and Boevey, solicitors, appeared on behalf of the Municipal Commissioner, and Mr. Pherozshaw Mehta for the defendants.

Dr. T. S. Weir said he was the Health Officer to the Municipality, and knew the wool-cleaning and grain-grinding factory belonging to the defendants on the Duncan-road. He had been on several occasions with Mr. Brunton to this factory. He generally observed fluff and wool fibres on the inside and outside of the window cells of the factory. He had seen particles of wool on the partitions and on the staircase. He had seen a place of this kind at work. There was a wool-cleaning factory at the Null Bazaar. He had seen it working. There was so much dust in the room as to make him cough. He had seen dust coming out above the wall at this factory. He thought inhaling the wool and dust would conduce to lung disease. The particles of wool, and wool fibre mixed with flour, were injurious to health. From the unrestricted trade of wool cleaning there was risk of extension of communicable diseases. The wool might be the cause of transmitting the germs of disease. Exhibit D was the substance collected from the window cells, &c., of the factory. This dust, mixed up with flour, was calculated to be injurious to the health of those who purchase the flour and use it for food. The escape of wool fluff and wool fibre such as he had seen at wool-cleaning factories while at work was, in his opinion, calculated to be injurious to the health of those living in that locality. He had carefully considered the matter before coming to the court. In populous neighbourhoods wool-cleaning factories were, in his opinion as Health Officer, dangerous to health. (Three copies of the *Lancet* were here put in, January 15, February 5, and February 15, 1881.)

Cross-examined by Mr. Pherozshaw.—About four months ago he received several complaints against the wool-cleaning factories. Before that he took no action in this matter. Most of the wool-cleaning factories were congregated within that locality. There were [illegible] wool warehouses on the Duncan-road ; they were all licenced houses. Defendants' factory was surrounded with wool warehouses. It was the intention of the Municipality to find suitable positions for wool-cleaning factories. Duncan-road was found to be an unsuitable locality for a wool-cleaning factory, owing to its being thickly populated. By the putting up of chicks and other appliances to prevent the fluff and dust getting out of the factories the nuisance might perhaps be mitigated, but the factory would still be dangerous to health to a certain extent. He could not form an idea of the quantity of fluff and dust that would be thrown out while the machinery was working. If chicks were thrown over the gallery, and the windows closed, there would not be much fluff and dust thrown out of defendants' factory. He was not aware that this factory was worked in that manner. He had seen the fluff and dust fly up in the air about thirty feet high.

Re-examined by Mr. Crawford—He had seen flour sold at defendants' shop by retail, but he did not know what quantity of it was sold. He saw a measure in the shop that may be used either for retail or wholesale purposes. It looked like a retail shop. There was much more dirt in wool than in cotton.

This closed the case for the prosecution.

Mr. Pherozshaw then addressed the court, contending that the defendants' factory was not dangerous to the health of the occupants of that locality inasmuch as it was surrounded with licensed wool warehouses, and also possessed several other wool-cleaning factories, corn mills, &c. ; and the factory was always worked with every precaution, so that it should not become dangerous or injurious in any way to the health of the neighbourhood. He proposed to call evidence for the defence.

The case was then adjourned for further hearing to the 13th instant.

HIGH COURT—SEPTEMBER 6.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

A CLAIM FOR TWENTY-SEVEN LAKHS OF RUPEES.

CHARLES AGNEW TURNER VS. KESSOWJEE NAIK.

THIS suit is brought by the plaintiff, the Official Assignee at Bombay, and assignee of the estate and effects of the late firm of Nursey Kessowjee and Co., to recover from the defendant the sum of Rs. 27,21,411-12-11, with interest from the 13th January, 1879, at 9 per cent. per annum. Mr. Jardine and Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for the plaintiff ; and the Advocate-General, Mr. Lang, and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little, for the defendant.

Mr. Jardine continued his opening remarks on behalf of the plaintiff, referring to the shares in which the firm of Nursey Kessowjee and Co. dealt.

The judge.—If these are Kessowjee Naik's shares, and he allows the firm to raise money on them, he is entitled to have the shares. Where are the shares ?

Mr. Jardine.—He took them over.

Mr. Lang.—And he paid the mortgagees, the money received from whom was appropriated by the firm to their own purposes.

The judge.—Then Kessowjee Naik is entitled to the shares or their value ? You go off to matters of argument when I want to understand this claim. If the firm dealt in Kessowjee Naik's shares, he could not go back for the shares.

Mr. Jardine.—I don't say that is an unreasonable way to look at the matter.

The judge.—What is your objection to these particular shares ?

Mr. Jardine.—If he is entitled to credit for the transactions mentioned in part II., he is not entitled to credit for those mentioned in part V.

The judge.—That is another thing. If he has been debited with the twenty-one lakhs, I want to know why he is not credited with the shares. I say that these items are apparently all correct. I want to know what is the objection to these items of Kessowjee Naik's claim which is not alleged.

Mr. Jardine remarked that the items, whatever they might be apparently, were not correct.

The judge.—If that is not the case, well and good. But assuming that is so, what is the objection ?

Mr. Jardine said that the items of Kessowjee's claim were not correct. The shares mentioned in part II. and part V. were on the same footing.

The judge remarked as to an allegation of the plaint with regard to the sale of shares, that it was a real sale at hypothetical value, but it was not a fictitious transaction as alleged.

Mr. Jardine said it was not a fiction, but Kessowjee Naik charged the firm fictitious prices for the shares when they were of no value.

The judge.—He has taken over the debt ; makes himself liable for the debt to others ; and if he sells the shares to the firm, he is entitled to the credits given him in the account.

Mr. Lang.—Not only did the firm get the shares, but sold very many of them, as we shall show.

Mr. Jardine said that these transactions were not *bona fide*. The firm were in difficulties in December, 1878, and the transfers of shares were not made until January, 1879. There was the account of the hamalage between the firm and W. Nicol and Co., to whom the firm were muccadums ; and this hamalage account was followed by the whole of these disputed transactions. The learned counsel said that these entries had been made after all the accounts of 1878 had been closed. There was other evidence to show that such was the case. On the 22nd December, 1878, Sir, Mungaldas Nathoo Bank recognised the indebtedness of Kesscwjee Naik instead of that of the firm on receiving Rs. 10,00 in respect of certain shares, the value of which had gone down in the market ; and the transfer was accomplished on that date. Now, all these items were entered in the defendant's and in the firm's books as of the 25th October, 1878. As a matter of fact, the learned counsel urged, all similar entries in the accounts annexed to the plaint purported to be made on the same date, the 25th October, 1878, whereas they were not made until December, 1878, and January, 1879.

The judge said that on the merits, and assuming that the dates were correct, there appeared to be nothing wrong in the transactions.

Mr. Jardine said it was a curious coincidence that the shares sold by the defendant to the firm became perfectly valueless a few months afterwards. The coincidence was too extraordinary. The defendant took over those transactions the securities for which were more than sufficient to cover the advance. He manipulated the transactions in such a way as to get the greatest possible advantage from the firm ; and the circumstance must naturally excite suspicion. The learned counsel, in support of this contention, went through a list of the debts which were transferred to the disadvantage of the firm. They were, in fact, bad debts in respect of which the defendant did not expect to get anything, and therefore transferred to the firm. The learned counsel went through items of the account to show the loss. Read minute by the Chairman of the Bank, giving plain, giving details of the sums said to have been credited to the defendant fraudulently and by collusion between him and the firm of Nursey Kessowjee and Co. for the purpose of effecting a fictitious diminution of the amount really due from the defendant to the firm. Mr. Jardine remarked that the state of things they found was that year by year the firm became more and more indebted to the four mill companies which they had been managing, and that year by year the defendant increased the total of his debts to the firm. The fact was that the firm borrowed the mill moneys, to enable the defendant to embark into every sort of speculation. And the case sought to be made by the defendant was this, that he took the responsibility for every speculation that turned out profitably, whereas the firm were made liable for those that turned out unprofitable. There was not a shadow of justification for his saying the firm take over his debts which he did not except to recover. The position of indifference which the defendant took up towards his son's firm appeared most improbable when they found in the firm's books such entries as this—"The division of profits mentioned in this item was made by Shett Kessowjee's order."

The court then adjourned.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

THE CHUNDA RAMJEE SPINNING MILL.

AHMED SOMEJEE VS. CHUNDA RAMJEE AND ANOTHER.

MR. INVERARITY, instructed by Mr. Macfarlane, appeared for the plaintiff ; and the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee, for the defendants.

The Advocate-General said a rule *nisi* was granted on the 25th ult., on the application of the plaintiff, requiring the defendants to show cause why they should not be restrained from managing the Chunda Ramjee Spinning and Weaving Mills, and why a receiver should not be appointed by the court. An interim injunction was also granted. The rule was to be argued to-day ; but the parties had come to a settlement.

By consent his Lordship made an order dissolving the interim injunction, the defendants undertaking to keep accounts of all business transactions, with liberty to the plaintiff to have an inspection of all those accounts, and also to go to the mills at all reasonable hours. Defendants were not to dismiss the brother of the plaintiff, Meherali Somjeejee, from their employment. Plaintiff undertook not to mortgage the mill premises or the machinery or any part thereof, not to introduce fresh partners, or to register the mill as a joint-stock company. Both parties were at liberty to bring on the rule *nisi* at any time. Costs of the present proceedings to be costs in the cause.

FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by The Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

DIAMONDS. SAPPHIRES. CATSEYES. OPALS. RUBIES PEARLS.

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Importer of
Precious Stones.

Introducer of
Standard 18-Carat
Gold Jewellery
AND
English Keyless
Watches.
(MACHINE MADE).

NOTE.—The business now conducted by Mr. STREETER is the same as carried on by Mr. HARRY EMANUEL, for so many years at Bond Street and Hanover Square, London.

A CURIOUS SUIT.

A very singular case has been recently decided in the Kurrachee Small Cause Court which is worth briefly noticing, although our space does not admit of our reporting it *in extenso*. It appears that a firm of undertakers, Messrs. J. T. Hill and Co., had twice been prevented by the Junior Chaplain, the Rev. G. Gothard, from taking up contracts for the construction of masonry vaults or graves in the cemetery, and so brought an action on "Tort" against him, claiming "exemplary damages" to the extent of Rs. 100. No evidence was called for the plaintiff, the facts being patent and admitted ; but the defendant pleaded that his action was legal, as being in charge of a cantonment cemetery he was bound by certain rules, and had to be answerable for the state of the cemetery ; that he had appointed an "official undertaker" who did all the masonry work in a uniform manner, and was directly subject to his (the chaplain's) control ; further, damages were laid *excessively*, as the authorised fees were only Rs. 25 and Rs. 12 for the graves of adults and children respectively. The learned judge (Mr. Bolton) in his judgment said that, having read the law of Torts carefully, and considering this to contribute a case of Tort, he yet found there were circumstances in the case in favour of the defendant. The cemetery was a military one, and although all denominations of Christians found burial therein, it was in sole charge of the military Chaplain, who had certain rules laid down for his guidance, and alone had the right to appoint an authorized undertaker or mason, over whom he had direct control. Monuments may be erected with or without the services of the appointed undertaker, subject, however, to the approval of the chaplain, but the digging and construction of graves, whether masonry or other, should be under the control of the officer in charge of the burial ground, whose office otherwise would become a farce. He therefore ruled for the defendant—each party to bear his own cost. The plaintiffs' pleader, Mr. Duncan, applied for a new trial on several grounds :—First, that undue weight had been given to a circular of the Archdeacon of Calcutta which was merely a private document ; secondly, that no attention had been paid to para. 2, Rule VIII, of Rules for the care of Government Cemeteries, which clearly gave the right to any one to order the construction of a masonry grave by *any* undertaker other than the appointed one ; thirdly, that though the chaplain had a certain discretion given him, yet it could not be exercised to the prejudice of any one without good reason being shown ; fourthly, that there was nothing in the Government Rules that gave the chaplain so wide a discretionary power as to enable him virtually to establish a monopoly in favour of any particular party in direct contravention of the law forbidding any "restraint to trade" ; and lastly, that the case appeared to be of sufficient importance to justify a reference to the Sudder Court. A rule *nisi* was granted by the presiding judge (Mr. Foxton) and cause against the rule shown by Mr. Rudra, barrister-at-law, on the part of the revered defendant as follows :—That an application could not be entertained at this stage of the proceedings under section 617 of the Civil Procedure Code, if the object be to obtain a reference to the Sudder Court, as suggested in the prayer ; and, secondly, that no special grounds had been shown in the application to justify a new trial. Mr. Foxton, after hearing both parties at length, agreed with defendant's counsel, and threw out the application. We hear that the plaintiffs are appealing to the Small Cause Court rejecting the rule. We don't presume to pronounce an authoritative opinion, but it does seem rather beyond reason that the officer in charge of a cemetery should have it in his power to virtually establish a monopoly in favour of one special individual

concurrently with and for the like term as the lease in Section 7 mentioned and upon the same terms. If in any case the Company shall fail to execute and complete the works to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State and within a reasonable time the Secretary of State may execute the works of the portion thereof unexecuted by the Company and (for that purpose) may from time to time enter upon any land or premises of the Company and the Company shall on demand pay into the Treasury at Calcutta for the purposes of the Government of India the money expended by him in executing such works and if such moneys shall not be paid on demand the same shall carry interest as against the Company at the rate of four per cent. per annum to be computed from the time of demand for payment of such moneys until payment of the same. The Secretary of State may at any time apply any moneys payable by him to the Company under any of the provisions of these presents in or towards the satisfaction of any principal moneys or interest due to him by the Company under the Section and when Section 27 shall have ceased to operate such principal moneys and interest shall be a first charge on the net earnings of the Company from time to time accruing.

10. The Secretary of State may from time to time prohibit the Company from using any engine carriage waggon vehicle boat machine or appliance of any kind whatsoever the use of which shall be declared by a duly authorised inspecting Officer to be attended with danger to passengers or the public and the Secretary of State may by taking possession of such engine carriage waggon vehicle boat machine or appliance or by such other means as he shall think fit to employ prevent the Company from using the same.

11. The Company shall unless hindered or prevented by accident or any other matter beyond their own control cause at least one train daily to be run from either extremity of each of the said lines which shall for the time being have been opened for traffic to the other extremity of the same line.

12. The rates and fares to be charged by the Company for the carriage of passengers and goods respectively shall not be in excess of the following maxima (that is to say)

Passenger Fares.

1st Class 12 pies per mile.
2nd " 6 " "
3rd " 4½ " "
4th " 3 " "

Goods Rates.

1st Class ½ of a pie per maund per mile.
2nd " ¾ of a pie " "
3rd " 1 pie per maund per mile.

The classification of goods shall be arranged by the Company subject to the approval of the Secretary of State.

13. The Company will at all times convey free of charge on the said lines of railway respectively and any part thereof which for the time being shall have been opened for traffic the Government mails and post office bags and the guards and other servants of the post office in charge thereof and also (when they are on duty) all officers and persons in the administration of the post office. The Company will at all times also convey all troops and sailors in Her Majesty's service and all other persons to whom the provisions of the Acts and Regulations for the time being in force for Her Majesty's Naval and for Her Majesty's European and Indian Forces respectively shall be applicable and all police officers engineers artizans and other persons when employed in the business of the Government at rates calculated as follows i.e. All commissioned officers in Her Majesty's Naval and Military Services and persons in a similar station in life shall be entitled to travel in first class carriages at second class fares European troops sailors and artizans and Europeans in Her Majesty's Indian Army (under the rank of commissioned officers) shall be entitled to travel in second class carriages at the lowest fares: and all other such persons aforesaid including prisoners and paupers at the lowest fares. For every one hundred men conveyed at the lowest fares two tons of luggage will be conveyed free of charge and persons entitled to travel first class will be allowed the ordinary amount of luggage taken by a first class passenger free of charge. The Company will also at all times when and as required by Government convey all Military and Naval establishments not hereinbefore specified all horses and other animals used for military purposes guns military stores and equipments and all public stores of what kind soever at the lowest rates for the time being ordinarily chargeable by the Company for the carriage of such animals goods and stores respectively. The several privileges of conveyance and carriage hereby stipulated for shall at all times be enjoyed in preference to and with priority over the public use of the said lines.

14. The Company shall convey gold and silver bullion and coin and copper coin belonging to Government and the persons in charge thereof at special rates to be from time to time agreed upon between the Secretary of State and the Company.

15. The Secretary of State shall be at liberty to construct maintain use and work as his own property such electric telegraphs and telegraphic appliances as he shall think fit along the said lines or any part or parts thereof and it shall be lawful for him for such purposes to enter at all reasonable times by his agents workmen or others on the said lines or any part of them and to erect maintain make do and execute thereon all such buildings machinery works acts and things as the Secretary of State shall consider necessary or proper in relation to the construction maintenance use and working of the said telegraphs and telegraphic appliances. The Secretary of State shall not in respect to such matters of any of them be subject to the control or interference of the Company. All buildings machinery works and appliance erected or brought by or on behalf of the Secretary of State on the said lines or either of them shall be and remain the property of the Secretary of State.

The Company shall at all times furnish the Secretary of State with such free passes as may be required for persons employed by him in or about or in anywise in connection with the erection maintenance working or inspection of the said telegraphs and telegraphic appliances.

16. The Secretary of State shall construct or provide such electric telegraphs and telegraphic appliances as the Company shall with the sanction of the Secretary of State from time to time require for the purposes of working the said lines and the Secretary of State will allow the Company to have the exclusive use (so long as they shall work the said lines) of such telegraphs and telegraphic appliances and will maintain the same in good repair and in good working condition.

The working of such telegraphs and telegraphic appliances shall be exclusively in the hands of the Company and at their cost but the Company if so directed by the Secretary of State will observe the rules for the time being in force in the case of State Railway telegraphs or such of the said rules as the Secretary of State may from time to time prescribe for their observance. And the Company will pay the charges of the Government Telegraph Department for rent maintenance and inspection of the telegraphs and telegraphic appliances provided under this section for their use.

17. The Secretary of State shall provide and maintain for the purposes of the said lines such a force of police as the Company with the approval of the Secretary of State shall from time to time require. Provided that in case of difference between the Secretary of State and the Company as to the portion of the force required for the preservation of law and order the determination of the question shall rest with the Secretary of State. The cost of providing and maintaining the whole force of police employed for the purposes of the said lines shall be defrayed as follows (that is to say) three-tenths thereof shall be borne by the Secretary of State and the remaining seven-tenths shall be borne by the Company.

18. The Company and its lines of Railway and undertaking shall be subject to the provisions of the "Indian Railway Act 1879" and to all other Acts of the Indian Legislature in force for the time being in the province of Bengal.

19. The Company shall pay into the Bank of England to the account of the Secretary of State the sum of one million pounds by such instalments and at such times as the Secretary of State and the Company shall agree to be requisite to ensure the due prosecution and completion of the said lines with the aforesaid junction and all stations station yards offices warehouses machiney conveyances and works necessary or expedient in connexion therewith and to enable the said lines being adequately supplied with engines carriages rolling stock plant and machinery and being duly opened for the conveyance of passengers and goods throughout.

20. As often as any money shall be required by the Company for purposes to which the same is properly applicable under these presents the same may be drawn by the Company in London in such sums as shall from time to time be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State to be necessary and according to such arrangements as shall be made from time to time with the Secretary of State for the purpose. Ten days' notice of every draft or proposed draft shall be given to the Secretary of State and the Company shall not in any case be entitled to draw to an extent greater than the balance in its favour for the time being.

21. If when the whole of the said sum of one million pounds shall after being paid into the Bank of England to the account of the Secretary of State have been drawn by the Company and expended by it both of the said lines with their stations station yards offices warehouses conveniences and works shall not have been completed in all respects in conformity with the provisions of these presents and adequately provided with engines carriages rolling stock plant and machinery and with sufficient working capital the Company shall with the sanction of the Secretary of State provide the money necessary to defray the further expenditure requisite to enable the Company fully to carry out and give effect to the provisions of these presents and money shall be paid by the Company into the England to the account of the Secretary of moneys so paid as last aforesaid may the Company in the same manner as as if they had formed part of the million pounds.

State will until both the said ed for traffic throughout June One thousand lusive of such day) the Company in all-yearly on ary interannum ex-

BANKS.

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HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

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Eugene Clicquot's Carte Blanche	Rs. 36 0	Rs. 33 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole ...	,, 57	,, 60 0
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From G. M. PABSTMANN SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer ...	Rs. 16 8	Rs. 19 8
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Marcobrunner ...	,, 30 8	,, 33 8
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F. Dessandier & Co.'s *1 star Brandy ...	,, 22 0	
Do. do. **2 stars ...	,, 30 0	
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Chateau de Frands ...	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 16 0
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IND (COOPE) & Co.'s PALE ALE (1 doz. qts.)	Rs.	5 4
Do. do. do. (1 doz. pints.)	,,	3 4
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Swiss Bitter from Alpine Plants ...	Rs. 24 0	Rs. 27 0
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FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE. Apply to
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A LARGE number of CLEAN CASKS, strongly built of English Oak, and well tightened with iron hoops, fit for holding oil, &c., are ready for sale at the cheapest rate from one to any number required. Persons desirous of purchasing the same are requested to apply to Messrs. VALLIBHOY KHANBHOY & Co. opposite the Commissariat Office, Town Barracks.
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HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

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MESSRS. D. and Co. beg to invite the attention of the public to their large and varied stock of elegant furniture.
Messrs. D. and Co. have endeavoured to meet the wishes of purchasers by making very large reductions in the former prices.
Palaces, durbars, and private houses elegantly furnished and decorated at moderate charges.

NO MORE DEATHS FROM FEVER.
THE NEW FEBRIFUGE.
POGSON'S ALKALOID FEVER PILLS
HAVE been carefully tried on a large scale in the Poona Municipal and Military Hospitals, and have been found most successful. MR. A. H. Plunkett Chairman, Poona Municipal Committee, states:—"That 14 Pills were given by him with complete success in an obstinate case of Fever, in which Quinine had failed." (See Poona Reports.) They have as a rule cured "Peshawur Fever," which has hitherto been almost incurable. (See Punjaub Reports).
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These Pills contain no "mercury" in any form, and the cure off-hand, without the use of any other medicines.
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PAINKILLER.
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[illegible] COMPOUND
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[illegible] August 10th, 1881.

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CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.
FINEST and CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, for SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.
INVALUABLE FOR INDIA AS AN EFFICIENT TONIC IN ALL CASES OF WEAKNESS. KEEPS GOOD IN THE HOTTEST CLIMATES, AND FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.
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Eau de Cologne ...	No. 102,	Re. 1
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Absolutely restores Gray Hair to its original colour. No. 336, Rs. 2.
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Compare our qualities and prices, and you will see that the Bombay Cash Bazaar is the cheapest house in India.
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IMPORTERS AND MAKERS OF
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The stock now on hand comprises a varied assortment of
FIRST-CLASS IRON-FRAMED PIANOS.
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Every kind of Musical Instrument available, also Musical Fittings and appurtenances.
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from the leading publishers of
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SPECIALITIES IN WATCHES.
THE RAILWAY WATCH
As supplied to the Indian Railway Companies.
This Watch, although in a German Silver Case, has an improved Patent Lever movement of the finest quality and strongest possible construction, we confidently recommend it to the notice of those of our Customers who require a Watch not easily disarranged by rough usage.
Full Size, Price in German Silver Case, Cash Rs. 50.
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In Silver Case, Rs. 45 Cash.
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Being keyless it neither requires to be opened to wind it, nor to set the hands, this, in India, is a great advantage, dust and damp being kept out.

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With best JEWELLED horizontal movements, engraved in many holes, in elegant gold hunting, half hunting, or open crystal cases, plain, tastefully engraved or beautifully enamelled colours, keyless, priced from Rs. 135 to Rs. 400.
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Of English make, with highly finished jewelled lever escapement movements, enamelled dial with small seconds, plain or compensated balance, strict hunting or half hunting or open crystal face cases, plain, engine turned, or richly engraved.
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FOR GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS, AND CHILDREN,
AT 25 PER CENT. BELOW COST PRICE.
THE stock now offered for sale at such a great reduction, comprises a large quantity of Ready-made Clothes in every variety of materials and sizes, and all of the LATEST CUTS.
THE GREAT CLEARANCE SALE
will be effected from the 1st to the 15th September, at the DEPOT OF READY-MADE CLOTHES OF
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N.B.—All the goods will be on view from the 1st September, and the fixed price will be marked on each article. The stock comprises also a fine selection of stylish Parsee coats.

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AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER'S
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CAMPAIGN KEYLESS WATCHES.

In open crystal face cases... ...	..Rs. 25
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OF these now over all India well-known keyless Lever metal watches, we keep always a large stock.
Those who have hitherto taken objection to the somewhat large size of these watches, we may inform that the same may be had now of same quality also of smaller size.
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